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## SKYLOOK

The UFO Monthly

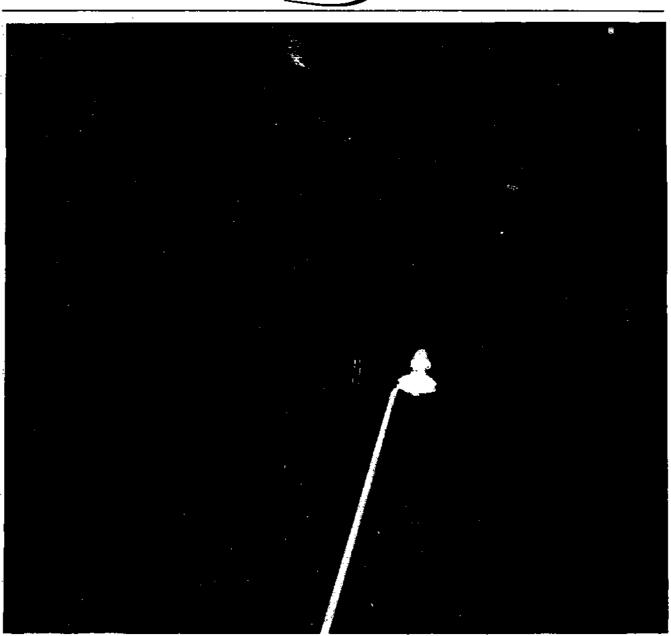
June, 1974

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF

Number 79



MUTUAL UFO NETWORK, INC.



This is one of two photos reportedly shot by Patrick Thrush of a UFO hovering over the Braden-

ton River at Bradenton, Fla., on Dec. 13, 1973. The complete story begins on page 4.

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#### Skylook

The UFO Monthly 26 Edgewood Drive Quincy, IL. 62301

Dwight Connelly Editor-Publisher

Mrs. Carolyn Connelly Business Manager

Staff:

#### Public Relations:

Mrs. Rosetta Holmes 1690 Hill Drive Carlyle, Ilt. 62231

Walter H. Andrus 40 Christopher Court Quincy, Ill. 62301

Norma E. Short Box 129 Stover, Mo. 65078

Joseph M. Brill 228 N. 12th St Quincy, Ill 62301

Lucius Farish Route 1 Plumerville, Ark. 72127

#### West Coast Coordinator Bob Kirkpatrick

Mark Herbstritt 927 Theresia St St. Marys, Pa. 15857

Ted Phillips P.O. Box 615 Sedalia, Mo. 65301

David A. Schroth 4517 A Pennsylvania St. Louis, Mo. 63111

John F. Schuessler P.O. Box 9 O'Fallon, Mo. 63366

## Large UFO with windows reported by Florida witnesses

FORT PIERCE, FLA., NEWS TRIBUNE, JAN. 20, 1974 -- Four witnesses reported sighting a large UFO about 10 p.m. Jan. 18 over Ft. Pierce, and two of them said the object had windows.

Danny Prezkop, 13, and Jeff Snead, 10, said they saw the object approach from the north and descend to Indian River level. "It was bright orange, almost too bright to look at," said Prezkop. "And it hummed something like an airplane, but it was going far too fast for that." .. Both youths said they saw what appeared to be windows in the aft-section of the cigar-shaped object. "It was big," said Prezkop, "maybe 20 feet long and 10 feet high, but this is only a guess. And it was coming fast. It had a tail of orange fire coming from the tail like a comet, but we knew it wasn't a comet." He said the object began to slow down and drop toward the water. "It got real low until we thought it was going to land. Then we could see a barge or yacht traveling up river and for a minute we thought the thing would hit it, that's how low it was. Just as it looked sure there would be a crash the object lifted, in-creased speed, and vanished to the south. Always I have wanted to see a UFO, and now I have." The boys notified the Coast Guard and were told to call again if they saw the object again.

A neighbor, Michael Small, 16, also reportedly saw the object, as did his mother, Mrs. Thomas I. Small. "It was so bright you could hardly look at it," said Mrs. Small, "and it seemed to come right down on top of us. I've never been so frightened in all my life. She said the orangered object was "huge. It was round with some kind of fins sticking out from the sides. It came down so low I just didn't know what was going to happen. Then it began to lift and went off so fast you could hardly keep track of it. I thought it went straight up, but nothing in this world travels as fast as that thing did." The family called the sheriff's office and were treated politely.

#### Spinning disc reported in Missouri

Following is a report from MUFON investigator John F. Schuessler:

On Sept. 28, 1973, at 11:30 p.m., Mary E. Carr of Black Jack, Mo., was called outside by one of her daughters to view an aerial object near their home. Mrs. Carr reports that the object "was disc-shaped, with green, red, and white lights. It was spinning, and there was a humming sound. It was about 20 feet long, and was spinning from the south to the north." Two other daughters also witnessed the sighting.



## Director's Message

By Walt Andrus

May 31, 1974, commemorated MUFON's fifth anniversary, making it the fastest growing UFO organization in the world. With State or State-Section Directors in thirty-six states, three Provincial Directors in Canada, and Foreign Representatives in fourteen countries around the world, MUFON is emerging as the leading UFO organization in the United States. There may be a few people who might consider these statements boasting. For anyone who questions these statements, should simply look at the record and ask themselves, "Who is providing the leadership in UFO research in the United States?" In reality, this is a tremendous compliment to every member composing the grass roots structure of MUFON. The majority of our leadership, motivation, and research is being done at the local and state level Some of the finest UFO researchers in the world are proud to carry and present their MUFON identification cards. A THANKS to all of you for a fabulous job.

Paul C. Gerny has appointed MARVIN E. TAYLOR, Jr., Route 4, Box 500-8, Sonora, California 95370 telephone AC 209 532-5216, as State-Section Director for Tuolumne and Calaveras Counties in northern California. Marvin, now 38 years of age, has been studying UFO's since 1947, when he was attending Junior High School. He has since obtained his B.S. in Business Administration and now also lectures on UFO's.

MELTON E. MURFF, P.O. Box 793, Marlin, Texas 76661, telephone AC817 936-5818, has volunteered to serve as State-Section Director for Falls, Limestone, McLennan, Milam, and Robertson Counties in Texas. Melton has had three personal UFO sightings, being confirmed by three to five additional witnesses.

Ken Steinmetz, State Director for Colorado, has appointed LAURENCE T. CHILDS, 8585 West 44th Avenue, Wheatridge, Colorado 80033, telephone AC-303 423-6894, to the position of State-Section Director for the city of Denver and Adams County. Larry is a jeweler by profession; he has had extensive training in astronomy and aircraft instruments.

A welcome addition to North Carolina occurred when George Fawcett appointed FRANK R. HARRISON, Mount Olive College, Mount Olive, North Carolina 28365, telephone AC919 658-9363, as State Section Director for Wayne, Lenoir, Sampson, and Duplin Counties. Frank is the Chaplain at Mount Olive College and is well known for his UFO investigations and lectures in the area.

Professor Ed. J. Planz has recommended ROBERT N. WHITEHURST, Ph. D., Box 1569, University, Alabama 35486, as a Consultant in Radio Astronomy. Dr. Whitehurst teaches both Physics and

Astronomy at the University of Alabama in Tuscaloosa. His amateur radio call letters are W4KDP.

GREY M. WOODMAN, M.D., 9628 Lydia, Kansás City, Missouri 64131, telephone AC816 942-3423, has volunteered to serve MUFON as a Consultant in Psychiatry. He will concentrate his study on interviews with reported contactees. An Englishman by birth, his interest in UFO's extends back to the "FOO" fighters during World War II.

Joe Brill, International Coordinator, has selected ROBERTO ENRIQUE LUIS BANCHS, Cespedes 3422, Buenos Aires SUC. 26, Argentina, as MUFON's Foreign Representative from Argentina. Roberto is a university graduate and now an architect in Buenos Aires.

MUFON is very proud to announce that two State Directors for Amateur Radio have been appointed in Iowa and Indiana from the loyal ranks of the weekly amateur radio net operators. DONALD F. CAMPBELL, Amateur Radio WØSWY, 709 Cedar Lane, Mt. Pleasant, Iowa 52641, telephone AC 319 385-4634, and K. DON HOOGERHYDE, Amateur Radio WA9WMK 4201 Curry Court, Bloomington, Indiana 47401, telephone AC812 825-9290, have not only recruited MUFON members, but have stirred up an interest in UFO's with "Hams" around the Midwest.

The MUFON UFO SYMPOSIUM in Akron, Ohio, on June 22, 1974, will also be our fifth such event in as many years. The sixth MUFON Picnic will be held Sunday, July 21,1974, at Carlyle Lake Reservoir at Carlyle, Illinois, with Rosie and Dick Holmes as hosts. We will eagerly look forward to meeting many of you at these two fine affairs this summer to thank you personally for your wonderful work on behalf of MUFON and UFO research.

#### Date omitted in May issue U-Haul story

In the story on page 19 of the May issue of Skylook concerning the reported experience of two brothers driving a U-Haul truck and being chased by UFO's, the date of the incident was omitted. The incident reportedly occurred on Feb. 14, 1974. We apologize for the omission.

#### July issue to be later for Symposium news

The July issue of Skylook will be mailed later than usual so that material from the June 22 Symposium in Akron can be included. Mailing will probably be completed by July 8, but the actual delivery date cannot be accurately predicted because of great variation in mail delivery in various parts of the country.

## Photos, rocks offered in Florida sighting

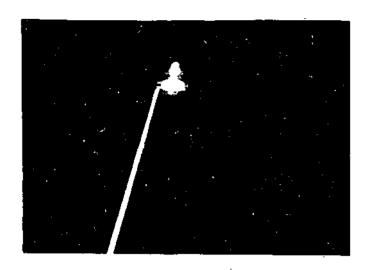
EDITOR'S NOTE: The following story has been held for two issues by Skylook in the hope that additional information would be forthcoming which would either verify or discredit the reported sighting. Unfortunately, the wheels of investigation have turned slowly in this case, and there seems to be no reason to continue to hold this report. A segment of film sent to MUFON Photo Consultant Adrian Vance has been returned by Vance as unreliable for investigative purposes because it has been clipped from the original full roll. There has been nothing but a preliminary analysis from the marine geologist who is examining rocks allegedly related to the sighting. Other collaborating evidence is yet to be checked and analyzed. There have been conflicting reports in the press concerning the sighting and the location of the rocks allegedly related to the sighting. Most of the information in the following article comes directly from a taped interview of the witness by Larry Moyers, MUFON director for Ohio, who talked with the witness while in Florida. The facts stated in this article are therefore based on this interview of the witness.

Patrick Thrush, 16, of Bradenton, Fla., reportedly observed a UFO hovering over the Braden River Dec. 13, photographed the object, and retrieved rocks which were dropped from it.

Thrush was driving towards a friend's house about 9:10 or 9:15 p.m. when he saw what appeared to be a plane going down. Wishing to investigate, he drove down Manatee Avenue, a main thoroughfare. After crossing the first bridge, he saw nothing, and started to turn around on the embankment. As he was going back toward a hill the high beams of his car lights revealed an object hovering over the Braden River, about 20 or 25 feet above the water.

He estimated the diameter of the object as about 20 or 25 feet, and said it was about 11 or 12 feet thick. There was "some type of a projection going down into the water." He got out of his car to look at the object, then returned to the car to get his camera "and took several exposures." two of which were usable.

Thrush said he was using a Canon 35mm camera



with a 1.4 lens wide open, a 1700 electronic flash unit, and panatomic film. The scene was also illuminated by the high beams of Thrush's auto. The shutter speed was set on automatic, and Thrush said the shot was probably taken at 1/30 of a second. He said the object was "not giving off much light of its own," and that focusing was difficult. He said he set the focus at about the midway point, and that the object was slightly out of focus at the f/1.2 opening used. Thrush said that "we did a Kodalith (high contrast film) series on this for images that might not have picked up on various densities." He said that on the lighter image a dome-like section coming from the bottom of the object was observed which was "definitely not visible" on normal prints of the negative. The lighter print showed that the entire image was connected, he explained.

Thrush said the projection from the object at first appeared to be about four or five feet in diameter but tests he made with the high-contrast Kodalith film indicated that what appeared to be an extreme width of the tube-like projection was a "flare effect," and that he now feels the projection was "definitely much narrower, perhaps a foot and a half at its thickest--maybe more. There are some people who say it possibly might be some source of light. On both the light and heavy contact prints you notice a segmentation as though it were emitted in bursts. It shows an expansion like light, but it did not have a glow of its own. It was reflective, like newlymolten lead." There was no illumination in the water, he noted.

Thrush said he observed the object for 4½ to 5 minutes. After he had taken two flash photos, during which the angle of the projection from the craft changed somewhat, the projection was retracted into the craft, and the object began moving toward Thrush, "Making several loud noises."

He described the sounds as "not quite a thud, but sort of a clank. A metallic noise like someone hitting metal underneath the water."

As the object began to move toward him, it changed to a pale bluish green around the bottom and lower sides. Thrush ran from the object after it came within 15 feet, but he stopped about 50 feet away, which he considered a safe distance. The craft then passed about eight to ten feet over his car, and he said he heard it drop some objects, "several being in the water, and one of which hit the hood of my car." He said he attempted to take another photo, a time exposure, but "my camera didn't take the shot because I was moving." The object changed color as it picked up speed, becoming "reddish-orange, then into the infra red spectrum" as it left.

He returned to his car and backed it up a few feet so that he could use his car lights and a flashlight to search for the bojects he heard fall. "I managed to find three metallic-like cinders or rocks on the ground," he said. One was about two feet from where the front of the auto had been, one three feet from the front, and one ten feet from the front. "No rock exceeded 3/4 inch in diameter," he said, and the car hood was not damaged. The rocks were initially identified locally as iron pyrite, but Thrush says that the rocks are "much denser than iron pyrite," and do not have "the same coloring or glitter effect. It wasn't until Dr. Doyle at the University of South Florida looked at it that he proved that it was not iron pyrite."

It was reported in the Santa Ana Register that another possible witness to the sighting was John Dowdy, 18, who was on the Morgan-Johnson Road about two miles east of Thrush's location. Dowdy says he looked up and observed a "bright orange object going really fast." The object turned

southward, appeared to stop, then disappeared.

In nearby Palma Sola Park, George Montgomery reportedly saw a strange light in the sky at about the time of Thrush's sighting, according to the Register.

The Register also noted that Thrush agreed to take a lie detector test, although there has been no information that this was done.

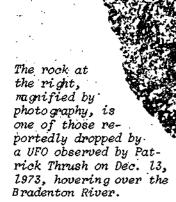
Stan Friedman, physicist and noted UFO lecturer, interviewed Thrush and obtained a sample of the rock, according to Skylook's West Coast coordinator Bob Kirkpatrick. Friedman does not yet have an analysis of the rock, which he describes as resembling metallic slag. The St. Petersburg Times described the rocks as being warm and dry when found, but Thrush did not mention this in his interview with Moyers.

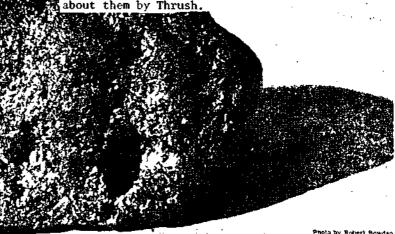
The St. Petersburg Times also reported that a preliminary investigation of the rocks by marine geologist Dr. Larry Doyle of the St. Petersburg branch of the University of Southern California indicated that they were cinders produced by an extreme heat source. He reportedly expressed an interest in doing a more extensive analysis.

Thrush has been universally described in news stories as unusually brilliant. A former science fair winner, he reportedly did trigonometry and advanced algebra in the seventh grade. Bored with school, he dropped out to set up his own electronics business. His knowledge of physics and his command of vocabulary appear to exceed that of most college graduates. He is an amateur photographer who occasionally works as a professional, and he understands photographic printing and processing very well.

Thrush says his background on UFO's was restricted to "two popular books by Frank Edwards," and that he had never run into any reference to a projection or tube from a UFO.

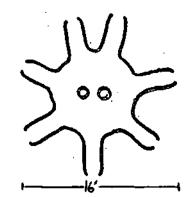
Kirkpatrick reports as an interesting sidelight that Thrush's mother told Friedman that three credential-carrying government agents had visited Thrush and applied pressure on him not to talk about the incident, then later withdrew the pressure. It is unknown whether she actually saw the individuals in question, or whether she was told about them by Thrush.





#### In Ohio

## Possible landing site checked



The following preliminary report of a possible UFO landing site was compiled for MUFON by Dave Spencer of Ottawa, Ohio. The site has since been checked by Ted Phillips, MUFON secretary and landing trace specialist, but his findings were not available at press time. Phillips has collected soil samples for analysis, and additional soil samples have been sent to Walt Andrus by Spencer. Any additional information will be printed as it becomes available.

Subject: UNKNOWN INDENTATION IN EARTH SURFACE Date: May 1, 1974

At 4:15 p.m. on April 29, 1974, Putnam County Sheriff Beutler called and asked if we would look at an unknown indentation in the earth surface. We agreed and called Walter H. Andrus Jr., who asked us to go ahead and help the sheriff, take pictures, and make measurments. At 4:40 p.m. the sheriff picked up the writer and drove to the Roy Hiltner farm located on Putnam County road 18A Section 6 Palmer Township, Ohio.

The location of the indentation is a mile west of county road 18, a mile south of county road A, a mile east of county road 19, and 3/4 mile north of county road B section 6 Palmer Twp.

There are micro wave towers located 6 miles south on county road 19, another 4 miles north in Henry county, another 6 miles west. The Bowling Green University TV tower, which is over 800 ft. high, is located 10 miles directly to the east of the site.

The indentation looks as though it was made by 7 legs or pods, with 2 round cylinder holes in the center of what appears to be an 8 foot circular blast area. The 2 cylinder holes in the center seem to be bottomless. Using a 6 ft. prod the Putnam county engineers can push down with one finger and not touch the bottom. The 8 ft. blast area contains burned dirt which is very hard and crusted. On and around where the feet or pods were located the dirt has been blasted up 4 to 6 inches from the 8 ft. area of burned ground. Where the feet or pods were located the engineers pod had to be forced down, indicating the object that had been there was of considerable weight.

The Putnam County engineers checked the area out for broken tile and found no tile in the area

of the indentation. The field had been plowed the first week of November, 1973, at an 8" depth, and no one had been in the field until Tuesday, April 23, 1974. Then last Friday or Saturday Mr. Hiltner found the indentation and called the sheriff on Monday.

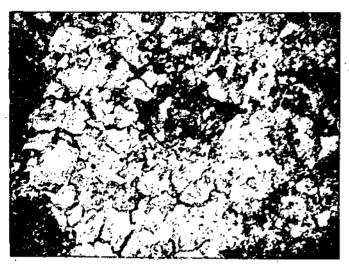
The sheriff's department had UFO reports in that area last November as well as in the southeast part of the county. We talked to the people of the area and no one, including the Hiltner family, had seen anything around the Hiltner farms. The Hiltner family is very air minded and have two aircraft and a small air strip on their farm.

We took soil samples on Monday from the blast area, from the pod area, and 1 1/8 mile south of the site in the field. The samples were taken to the Allen County Civil Defense office located in Lima, Ohio. The CD director, Mr. Frank Hempker, checked the soil for raioactivity and found none. However, radioactivity has only 1/10 life for every 7 hours and the indentation was possibly as old as 6 months, so any radioactivity could have dissipated.

Hempker called the Ohio Adjutant General office at Columbus, and was referred to D. Redman, who made notes and advised the sheriff to contact the Public Affairs office at Lockborn Air Base,



View of one of the possible pod indentations.



View looking down at the two clylinder holes in the center of what appears to be a burned area.

Columbus, as they may want to check the site. Hempker came to Putnam county Tuesday and looked at the site with the Sheriff. He feels that someting had been there SUMMARY

The diameter of the blast or heat area is 8 ft.
The outer diameter of the pod area measures 16 ft. from tip to tip.

The feet measure 3 ft. across. There were 7 feet or pods. The distance between the pods was 90 inches for four pods, and 66 inches apart for three.

The cylinder-like holes in the center blast area have a diameter of 12 inches, and are 12 inches apart.

The earth surface around the complete hole or indentation seemed to be blown upward, making a 4-inch ridge around the area. The indentation is 8 inches deep.

### Arkansas sighting reported

HARRISON, ARK., DAILY TIMES, MARCH 27, 1974--Just after 8 p.m. on March 26, Mrs. Nina Coffey, who lives one mile east of Bear Creek on Highway 14, went out to burn trash and noticed a bright light to the south. Her first impression was that Bear Creek Acres had installed a new night light, but the light hovered for a minute, then turned "real fast" and moved southeast. Mrs. Coffey asked her 13-year-old son to bring binoculars, and when he returned the light had turned around and began moving toward them. Her son, Sammy, looked at the object through the binoculars and said, "It's no plane." As Mrs. Coffey took the binoculars the light turned at a right angle to the west. Looking through the binoculars she could see the UFO from a side view. She said it was cigar-shaped and at least 70 feet long, and not very far above the treetops. After the object turned west it disappeared.

### Missouri man reports three objects in sky

The following is based on a report from MUFON field investigator John F. Schuessler:

Mike Haney, 25, of O'Fallon, Mo., said he was sitting on his front steps listening to the radio about 6:15 p.m. on April 31, 1974, when he saw an object shaped like a cigar come from the southwest and move toward the northeast. "I thought it might have been an airplane; tilted at an angle that . I could not see the wings," he said, although he noted that all the jets he had seen in the sky had been leaving vapor trails. "Then I called my neighbor and his wife out--and my wife. Two more objects appeared," but these were headed in the opposite direction from the first object, from northeast to soughwest. "All of us agreed we had never seen anything like these obiects."

He said the first two objects were "extremely shiney metal with no wings" and "traveling much faster" than planes. The third object was described as "not as shiney" as the first two objects, "but again no wings." The third object appeared to be smaller than the first two; he said.

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## UFO's with 'feelers' seen

EDITOR'S NOTE: Although the following report, from Vienna, Austria, takes up a great deal of valuable space, it is felt that the significance of the sightings and the detailed reporting justify this. We believe that such reports, when available, are more valuable than several routine newspaper accounts, single witness sightings, and the like. This report and photo appear in Skylook through the efforts of Joe Brill, International Coordinator.

#### By Ernst Berger Representative for Austria

LOCATION

Traunstein in the Zwettl district is a small rural community on a range of hills overlooking the "Highlands of Ottenschlag," a southern part of the "Waldviertel Highlands" in the northwest corner of Lower Austria. 911 meters over the Adriatic Sea level, Traunstein is surrounded by coniferous forests (beech, fir, and spruce fir trees), lakes, open fields and by littered boulders. The village of Traunstein is situated 8 kilometers NE of Mt. Weinsberg (1059 m high), which is covered by the Weinsberger Woods - a wild and sparsely populated area, 9 km W of Ottenschlag and 25 km SSW of the Allentsteig military operating ground near Zwettl (chief city) at the river Kamp, a deserted and cold region (one of Austria's "zero degree poles"). Industrial underdevelopment, "landflight" and a low population density in the Zwettl district make the Traunstein sightings a good example for Vallee's "first negative law," though no landing was observed. WITNESSES

Johann Pritz (age 21), the main witness of our case, is a compositor working for a printing office at Zwettl. His brother Gerhard is a locksmith of 16 years. Both are intelligent country guys with good eyesight, somewhat taciturn, but perfectly reliable in my opinion. Together with their mother they live in a small farmhouse near a double bend in the minor road leading out of western Traunstein.

According to Vienna's Central Meteorological Station "Hohe Warte" a stable European high had full influence on Austrian weather throughout the night from October 28 to 29, 1973. The local weather report from Zwettl station reads: "28.10. 19h - no clouds, calm, -2 deg, no precipitation. 29.10. 7h - clouds 1/8, calm, -6 deg, no precipitation, minimum nighttime temperature -7 deg." It was a cold, starry night with excellent visibility, no moon after midnight, only Mars and Jupiter in the sky.

FIRST SIGHTING

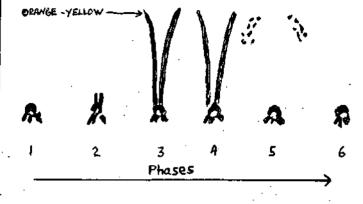
Johann Pritz went to bed at 8:00 p.m. Central European Time and slept well until 0:30 a.m. on Monday, Oct. 29, when he started up. His friend Karl Fichtinger was knocking at the bedroom window. "He wanted me to come out and look at an extraordinary thing in the southern sky. I dressed, went outdoors and there it was. You might have taken it for a star at first glance, but watching it more carefully you would see it was much nearer, giving off a different light and strange periodical light signals." Pritz got his 8x40 binoculars and aimed it at the "star" over the woods.

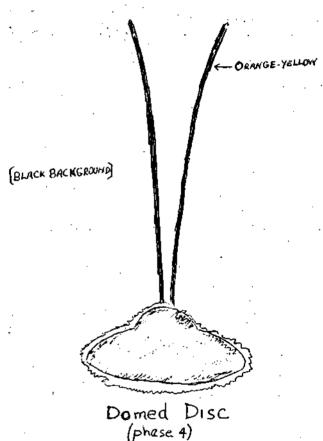
It was "some kind of luminous globe" with fuzzy edges, motionless at 9 degree elevation. The yellow-orange light looked calm and steady, not dazzling, but "restful to the eyes." "The whole surface was shining brightly, you could hardly see it's shape. And it was artificial light, bright enough to catch your eye at once. But the striking detail was the signal."

The so-called "signal" consisted of two beams of "curved light" that were slowly projected upwards from the main body. It was hard for Mr. Pritz to describe the details: "Well - it looked like snail feelers. The two yellow-orange beams came out--it was light, but it crept up slowly-were projected upwards and bent outwards high up. Then it would stop progressing, the two tips turned faint green, some green mist fell down sideways and the rays were gone. You would wait for about 5 seconds and the game started again extending, stopping, green, switch-off. Periodically."

Pritz said the "feelers" were about 4 or 5 times the diameter of the fuzzy globe, but a goniometric test on the site later revealed he was rather underestimating, the length being 6-7 diameters. And they were not only high but perfectly clear, "like two lines drawn with a piece of chalk, only dark sky between." The light wasn't solid, but it behaved like solid. Mr. Pritz had never seen anything the like.

In our investigation I asked him to re-live both phases of interest "in real time," first a bit too slowly, then a bit too quickly, and used my stop-watch for the test. We got 7-10 seconds for a complete "extension" and the tip turned yellow-green 2 or 3 seconds before "switch-off." The second test for the dark phase showed a greater variance - the beams reappeared after 2-5 seconds. The maximum duration for a full period would be 15 seconds, which means at least 4 "signals" per minute. Pritz remembered also short beams shining downwards from the object's bottom constantly, and a slight shift of colors towards green and red on the edges (compare with second





sighting), but it was a minor effect and much more exposed to subjective errors.

Pritz found no explanation for what he was seeing. It was definitely no conventional aircraft or satellite, and a star with "feelers" would be hard to believe. "We saw lots of shooting stars that night (orionids and taurids), but we could tell the difference. And temperatures were low in the open--we wouldn't stay there just for nothing. "Fichtinger told me he'd first seen it around 11:30 p.m. on Sunday. He'd also shown it to neighbors (a couple)."

The two friends decided to continue their watch. They went up to "Wachtstein," passed the Catholic church of Traunstein and stopped at a prospect point on the steep access road leading to the center of Traunstein, from where you have

a far-reaching view over the heavily wooded highlands to the south and east. Some minutes later they strolled down the access road, reached the minor road, walked around the double bend approaching the Pritz house and up to "Wachtstein" again. "We kept that route for the rest of the night and tried to oversee what was goin' on up there. And there was something goin' on, believe me!"

At about 2:00 a.m. the object up in the south went into operation. Mr. Pritz watched carefully "Suddenly a red dot, well, detached itself from the bottom of the globe and moved away to the east at breakneck speed--I don't think an aircraft would fly as fast. (We saw an Austrian military jet manoevering to the south in full daylight at the time of our investigation, so Mr. Pritz knew what he was saying.) I kept my eyes glued to it, but suddenly it was gone - the red light went out. Just a few moments later, the light flashed up again. It had changed to a bright yellow-orange, like the object up in the south, and started to give off the same strange signals. It really puzzled me."

The trajectory was interesting - the red dot first did a vertical descent of 4 or 5 degrees, then it raced off towards Ottenschlag horizontally, stopped, disappeared, a fuzzy globe reappeared, gave off the first "signals" and descended until it reached its final hovering point at 4 or 5 degrees elevation in the east. The red dot had no definite shape; it looked like an aircraft running light, but shone steadily in the color of carmine, as our color test revealed later.

Pritz and Fichtinger arrived at the prospect point. Two objects were hovering in the sky now: The possible "mother ship" in the south (Pritz wasn't sure whether the dot came out of it or from behind) and the "missile" over the Ottenschlag region to the east Both objects continued their monotonous "signals," so the friends looked away, turned to the west, and got their next shock. "I would not believe my eyes. No guess where that huge thing came from!"

The access road runs down into the southwest. The first house to the right after passing the prospect point is a two-storied country house with two pylons carrying electric cables over the rooftop. A dark object was hovering in the direction over pylon one. I asked Mr. Pritz to sketch it. He did with some hesitation: "I'm no artist--you see, it was a flattened structure with a, well, it looked like an armoured turret of a tank, on top, but without a gun-barrel." He was drawing a classical domed disc. "It was very near and I wasn't drunk, you know, I went to bed at 8:00 p.m. But we wouldn't believe our eyes any longer. I asked Karl: What are you seein'? and he told me, that and that. I said yes, that's it, you see what I see. It must be true."

Really a spectacular sight for two country guys who have never read a book on the topic, only sketchy press reports: The disc with its clearly

outlined upper rounding plus dome was hanging in the WSW at 17 degrees elevation (+ 2°), enveloped in a diffuse yellowish light which seemed to come from behind. Its bottom line wasn't straight but curved and rather indistinct as the yellowish light reached peak brilliance there. The surface had a violet-black color and "it surely was solid material, nothing fuzzy like the two others."

But that wasn't all: from the dark cupola two "feelers" of curved light went up into the night sky, got greenish tips, vanished and came out again at a stretch. "It was the moment I thought, that's a guided operation! They're emitting the same light signals and belong together," Pritz said. He had no idea how far away the disc was, but it seemed "close at hand." His goniometric test results gave us a diameter of 35 meters for the maximum distance, i.e. 2 kilometers. "I was glad to have waited for such a long time. It was quite impressive and we didn't pay much attention to the eastern object anymore."

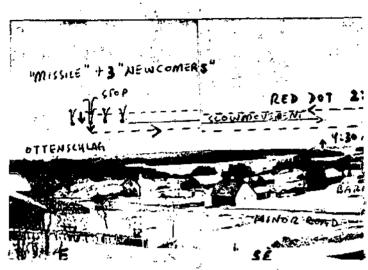
Consequently they failed to see the next manoevre there. Turning around after a while, Pritz and Fichtinger spotted three smaller globes near the "missile," one to the left and two to the right, making up a "chain" with regular intervals. "And they all gave off the same signals, all at the same time." Full operation. Six objects were in the sky now: the domed disc to the WSW, the "mother ship" to the SSE, the "missile" to the east and three "newcomers" around it.

All were completely noiseless and a remarkable view, "like bright mercury vapor street lamps. You would pass a house or a group of trees and lose sight of it, but find them again at a glance. Maybe a hoax, but it looked as if they were all standing at the same altitude, but only in the southern hemisphere. We searched the northern sky and found nothing."

I examined his idea afterwards and must say it wasn't irrational: suppose the disc hovered 2km away at 500 m altitude (=17°) and the other objects kept the same level, the "missile" would be 6 km away, right over the railroad track Zwettl-Martinsberg and near the Ottenschlag crossing, whereas the "mother-ship's distance would be 3km.

3:00 a.m. was near. A lonely car came down the road, but it did not stop and kept to a certain route, like the two friends. "He was drivin' the same stretch again and again. We couldn't see the reason why." Somewhat later two persons approached. "We tried to show to them what was goin' on, but they were pretty blue and called us nuts." And the two "nuts" remained the only witnesses, no matter how they tried to catch others' attention. "We would knock at doors and try to wake someone up, but nobody cared. Maybe they took us for drunkards or burglars and, well, you see, a highland village isn't the safest spot at 3:00 a.m. Finally we gave it up."

The six objects "signalled" on and on. Beam up, a tinge of green, mist, beam off. At about 3:30 a.m. the "missile" moved again. The "signal" stopped, the yellow-orange light went out, the

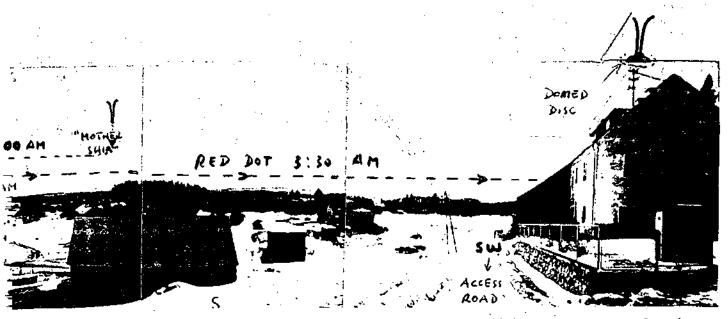


The above photo shows the location of the Oct. 28-29 sighting at Traunstein. The author has

red dot appeared, descended and dashed away, now into the opposite direction, to the south. "First I thought, look, it's flying back to the big one (the "mother ship"), but it passed under it and went off into the west at dizzying speed. We lost sight of it after seconds."

Five objects remained and continued their "mission," whatever it was: "Gradually, the three smaller objects standing in line started to move, very slowly, but you could see it, and southbound (along the railroad track?). They went to the south a little, stopped for a long while, moved again, and so on."

At 4:30 a.m. on Oct. 29--five hours of observation for Fichtinger, four for Pritz--the friends decided to go home. The three globes had travelled to the southeast and kept their altitude and formation at 150° azimuth, in the direction over a barn. The "mother ship" and the domed disc were still motionless. Pritz said good-bye to Fichtinger and went to the porch of his house. "I looked up to the sky a last time and all was to be seen very clearly. It was Monday morning, a working day, so I entered the house and went to bed again. But I couldn't sleep and when I looked out at 6:00 a.m. (about 30 minutes before sunrise) they were gone." From the first moment of Fichtinger's watch until 4:30 a.m. the "mother ship" had given off at least 1200 "signals." The domed disc emitted 550 and the "missile" 360 (minimum). Things took their usual course: Pritz told his colleagues at the printing-office about the hair-rising night and they phoned the editor of "Zwettler Nachrichten" (the local newspaper). Pritz was interviewed for "Landesrundschau," a weekly transmission of Oesterreich Regional (second program of the Austrian Radio and Television Company "ORF"). It was broadcast on Oct. 31,



drawn in the objects observed by the witnesses, as well as the flight paths which they took.

1973, and star reporter Ossy Wanka asked Prof. Meurers, the director of Vienna's University Observatory, for a statement. Meanwhile the story had reached KUHIER, a popular Vienna paper, and they published the negative comment of a second astronomer. "Zwettler Nachrichten" contributed one of the most stupid articles I ever read and the discussion cooled off until mid-November.

We had arranged for a field investigation with Mr. Pritz on Nov. 18, 1973, and drove to Traunstein that fine Sunday morning. Snow had fallen over the Waldviertel Highlands in the meantime and it was difficult to keep the car on the icy road. At 10 past 10 a.m. we reached the Pritz house. We were late and Mr. Pritz was already waiting for us in his green Volkswagen. "Good morning! It's fine you're coming today. We've seen it again yesterday evening. I wonder are we goin' crazy or what is it?" he said, a bit shaken. To our biggest surprise we had arrived for a "near hot-line investigation." A multiple witness sighting had taken place only 15 hours before our arrival at Traunstein. It was a chance we never had before. The second incident was fresh in their memories and we concentrated on the four main witnesses (basically our regular investigation time was calculated for the first sighting alone, not for interviews with 10 persons).

#### SECOND SIGHTING

Weather was fine in the evening of Nov. 17, 1973. An outlier of the British high had reached Central Europe in the morning and precipitation ceased in Lower Austria. (The last snowfall at Traunstein had been on Friday.) The local weather report from Zwettl station runs: "17.11. 19h - no clouds, wind NW 24 kmh, 1 deg, no precipitation, maximum daytime temperature 4 deg." Sunset took

(Photo provided by Ernst Berger through Joe Brill, International Coordinator.)

place at about 4:15 p.m. CET.

Shortly after 6:00 p.m. Johann Pritz was on his way home from a visit at Arbesbach (15 km NNW of Traunstein) driving his Volkswagen along the minor road Schoenbach-Traunstein. Between Schoenbach and Ullrichschlag the road is southbound running towards the vast Weinsberger Woods before a bend-off to the east. "Suddenly it struck my eyes. Something was hanging low over the treetops in a southern direction. I looked at it, an oblong, flattened shape standing on end, giving off the same peculier light signals. I said No, it can't be true! and looked away."

After his radio interview and press publicity Johann had been exposed to heavy ridicule in his small community: "They said we had been drunk or crazy, seein' things. It's enough for you to see such a thing, your reputation doesn't count. The whole press story was no advantage for me. People are highly skeptical and only a few showed their interest. So I thought it over. Should I say anything about the new object? Deepen my 'madness'? After all I stopped near Ullrichschlag, left the car and watched it for a while. It was there, over the woods, and the signals were the same. I went on."

The car reached Traunstein at about 6:15 p.m. and Pritz stopped at his house to get the binoculars. His mother was watching TV and Johann told her to look out of the living room-window. He found his 8x40 field glass and went outdoors again, where he met Gerhard and his friend Erich Leitgeb. The four watched it for a while. Mrs. Pritz came to the window, before she returned to the TV set, and Johann trained his binoculars on it. He had made up his mind what to do next. "We jumped into the car and drove into the center to get some additional witnesses, immediately. I

knew nobody would believe our story without a back-up."

Fifteen minutes later Johann had found six respectable persons: Josef Habegger (owner of the local department store), his wife, a third person from the store, Karl Fichtinger and Leopold Wagner. Karl Teuschl, the local tobacconist, had promised to join them after driving his car to the garage (which he did). The nine persons took their stand near telephone pole two on the minor road before the double bend. It proved to be a good observation point: the object was hovering some distance away (no estimation possible) at 5 +1 elevation and 200/210 azimuth in the direction of a depression in the treeline. Now they had time to observe the manoevres more precisely.

"I'd say it was even more peculiar than anything we'd seen the first night," Johann said. The main body was oblong and shining in a bright yellow-orange color. The light seemed to originate at the outer surface. According to our goniometric test the diameter would have been 32 meters at a distance of 2,5 kilometers. Was it the domed disc again, now standing on end? Mrs. Habegger used a field glass, too. But it just wasn't necessary--you would see enough with the naked eye, every detail.

Two "feelers" were clearly visible among some "minor feelers" (less high and prominent) and in permanent operation, as usual. Their height was enormous, about 80 meters at the supposed distance, high as a church tower. (about 2° 40' in the night sky, i.e. five times the full moon). A second variation was the permanent shift of colors on the left and right side of the main body, "some kind of color fusion," as Johann put it. The light turned "a sparkling red" at the left, then it vanished and a "yellowish green" appeared at the right, vanished and the whole process started again.

Later, Johann described the third and most spectacular variation: "Suddenly the signals would stop and the whole body would shrink away. It was, well, like letting the air out of a toy balloon: the light dimmed, turned red more and more, as if it would cease glowing, burn out, and the whole thing nearly shrinked into nothing. But a few moments before the end it would blow itself up, rapidly, gradually resume its yellow-orange light and the feelers would come out again."

Wheras the "signal", i. e. the "feelers," followed the old pattern of Oct. 28/29 (7-10 seconds "projection", green tips, 2-5 seconds darkness etc.), the "shrinking and blowing-up process" had a different frequency: the "Shrinking" took 3-7 seconds ("real time test" done with Gerhard and Johann) and the "blowing-up" was done faster. Both processes, you see, had their fixed duration, but the "fully blown-up state" between two "dim-and-brighten processes" had not. "You would look at it a minute or so, 'til it shrinked away again, but sometimes it signalled for two minutes or the like," Gerhard remembered. Johann and his mother nodded consent. No sound was heard

during the whole observation.

Whatever it was, the "Traunstein object number seven" carried out one of the most complex, interesting and apparently senseless missions I ever heard of, and it was a pleasure to investigate the sighting only hours after its end. Imagine the inevitable confusion and contradictions in the four person-interview, had the investigation taken place weeks later!

7:00 p.m. passed by. The crowd stood and stared in head-shaking silence. "Look, it's disappearing again!" they said to each other, now and then. Johann remembered he had promised the editor of "Zwettler Nachrichten" to phone him immediately, "should the thing come again." "I told them, I'll go and ring up the editor, but don't forget to say you have seen it, too! and drove to the nearest telephone in the center." Meanwhile the TV play had finished and Mrs. Pritz decided to watch "the program outside." The group at the other side of the double bend scattered, only Gerhard Pritz and his friend Erich stood and observed the object.

"It blinked again red and green, shrinked, until it was small and blood red, the disc put up and "set" very slowly," Gerhard told us. "Yes, it sunk into the woods at a sloping course," Leitgeb added. Mrs. Pritz saw it, too. "About four minutes later it was gone." The two guys started to run into the center, where Johann was still trying to ring up the editor, who wasn't at home, in fact. "They came and told me, It's gone! had I known it before, I'd never gone away to the telephone." The object had disappeared at 7:15 p.m. and the two friends now returned home, where they talked with Mrs. Pritz about the observation. She was concerned about it: "It was eerie. Is a new war goin' to happen?"

At our arrival, discussions among the Pritz family were still going on. Johann had decided not to inform the editor about the new sighting. "It's no good for us." And we got a first (and last) impression of "public attitudes" at Traunstein: our measurements at the access road caused a jolly good laugh in a nearby house. "Let 'em laugh," Johann said, I know, what I have seen." And his brother confessed: "I also made fun of it, you see, 'til yesterday evening...."

#### COMPARATIVE PHENOMENOLOGY

The Traumstein "snail feelers" are a rare pattern, but no novelty, as we were to find out by searching our records for similar cases.

Remember the excellent Taize report by Mr. Lagarde, GIDR (a translation appeared in Flying Saucer Review (FSR) July-August 1973, p.16): The torchlight cone of a witness in the field was "deflected" by a strange "hedge" on August 18, 1972, and beams of light shining down from the main object looked like "pylons," i.e. solid. Mr. Lagarde also mentioned he had investigated a 1968 case at Vinlliers-en-Morvan, where the beams of



### Astronomy Notes

By Mark Herbstritt

JUNE SKY

Mercury--is at greatest eastern elongation on the 4th, being about 18 degrees above the western horizon at sunset.

Venus--is a morning star rising about an hour and a half before the Sun.

Mars--is low in the west at sunset and sets within about 2 hours.

Jupiter--rises about midnight and is near the meridian at dawn.

Saturn--early in the month it is low in the west just after sunset, but later it is too close to the Sun for observation, conjunction being on the 30th.

light had behaved like a solid.

In FSR Case Histories, August, 1973, I came across the new SOBEPS investigation report (p.2) on spectacular Belgian sightings of July 4, 1972, among them a report from Ellezelles: farmers observed "beams of light, having the shape of arcs in a circle."

Striking similarities are to be found in Reverend Gruttwell's excellent report on the 1958/59 New Guinea Wave (FSR Special Issue No. 4). On June 27, 1959, a bright object was seen from Baniara, with three shafts of green light emanating from the base. They were blotted out at regular intervals. According to the witness, Patrol Officer Smith, "they did not exactly flash on and off but seemed to lengthen and shorten in a most peculiar way, as if they were objects being protruded and withdrawn. They did not appear to be solid legs but only rays of light." An early case of the "solid light" and "snail feeler" phenomenon in the same night as the spectacular second Boianai sighting! On August 3,4 and 8, 1959, Mr. Smith saw his "snail" again, with the same "feelers", near Mapouna, Wakwapu and Bini-gumi: "These (the shafts of light) seemed to recede into the object (they did not simply go out) and then reappeared later."

Strangely enough, on August 8, 1959, at Biniguni, a second fluctuation was observed: "During the time the light was stationary, it was not static. It appeared to expand and contract... When large the light appeared brighter, and when small dimmer. The same shafts of green light extended from the base of the object. It is possible that the object was approaching and receding in line with the observer, but I saw no lateral movement whatever."

--Copyright, "Ernest Berger"

# UFO documentary slated for fall on NBC News

By Walt Andrus MUFON Director

Many of us were disappointed when the NBC News "White Paper" on UFO's was cancelled last fall. However, NBC News is very aware of the tremendous interest in the subject and has now scheduled a one-hour documentary on UFO's to be viewed this fall on Saturday evening during "prime time." Craig Leake, an NBC News writer/producer, has been assigned to this ambitious undertaking.

On April 20, Craig flew to Quincy from New York City and spent from 10:00 a.m. to 10:30p.m. with MUFON personnel discussing plans and ideas for producing this film for TV. He had spent the prior day with Dr. J. Allen Hynek in Evanston, Illinois.

We have suggested to Craig that the documentary film have as its format the positive scientific activities that are taking place at the present time to resolve the UFO phenomenon. This will include the work of Dr. Hynek and the Center for UFO Studies in Northfield, Illinois, MUFON, APRO, and NICAP as the major UFO organizations in the U.S.A., some solid UFO cases filmed at the scene, and other MUFON functions, starting with the UFO Symposium at Akron, Ohio, the UFO course being taught by Professor E. J. Planz at the University of Alabama, and the MUFON Picnic at Carlyle Lake.

We look forward to working with Craig and the NBC film crew when they come to Akron and Quincy to film some of the MUFON sequences. As more details develop, we will keep SKYLOOK readers informed on the film progress, including the "show date and time."

## Special symposium meeting scheduled on humanoids

MUFON members Ted Bloecher and Dave Webb would like to solicit the participation of SKYLOOK readers in the collection and analysis of humanoid reports (when these beings are clearly associated with UFOs they are called occupants.) If there is enough interest, a Working Group may be established. Ted has probably the world's most complete collection of humanoid reports; Dave is working on a report analyzing the Fall, 1973, wave of humanoid reports in the U.S.

Both members plan to attend the June 22 Symposium in Akron, Ohio, and would like to meet with those interested in this aspect of the UFO phenomenon. They plan to hold an informal discussion session during the noon to 1:30 p.m. lunch break on Saturday, the 22nd. The location will be announced at the meeting.

Webb is MUFON State Director for Massachusetts, and Bloecher is State-Section Director for New York City and Long Island.



### UFO's Behind the Iron Curtain

By Joe Brill

#### A UFO LANDING IN ROMANIA?

The following information concerning this case was provided by Professor Calin Turcu of Valenii de Munte, Romania and Mikai Matei via articles they have authored on this incident in various Romanian publications.

Between the hours of midnight and 01:00 hrs. of the night of September 27th-28th, 1972, an unidentified flying object was sighted near the city of Posesti in the Prahova district of Romania.

The lone witness to this appearance was a night watchman of the C.A.P. Company of Posesti. His name is Vasile Carabus and at the time of the sighting he was located on the slope of Tabacioi Hill, which is directly south of the village of Valea Plopului. His location that night was one and a half miles southeast of the purposed landing site.

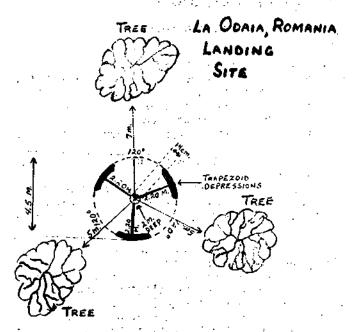
What Mr. Carabus observed was as follows: "I saw a bright object in the sky, like a very bright star with a tail. This object had a diameter slightly larger than Venus and a burning tail of about two meters when it moved. I first noticed it in the northeast sky and after being stationary for a short while it began to descend slowly at a forty-five degree angle until it disappeared from my sight at a place called La Odaia. During the entire time I watched this thing I heard no sound at all, nor were the animals in the area disturbed:

"I didn't pay much attention to this event and I didn't mention to anyone what I had seen. It was not until three days later that I heard the news about the markings and the blown ground that was found at La Odaia. That is what made me decide to tell what I had seen as there might have been some connection involved."

The first to discover the strange markings and disturbed ground were the people of Valea Plopului. The area is cultivated with corn and some apple trees. Professor Turcu and two local farmers Aurel Dumitru and Vasile Nicolae examined the site. Also Professor Elena Nedelea and her students found this site while on an agricultural practice, and they were puzzled by what they found.

After the site had been visited and trampled on by several hundred people, the autumn rains came and it was not until November 28th of that same year that a serious investigation was begun. The first photographs of the markings were taken on December 1st of that year.

It is a real tragedy that two full months had



passed since the initial sighting and discovery of the site to when a serious investigation was started.

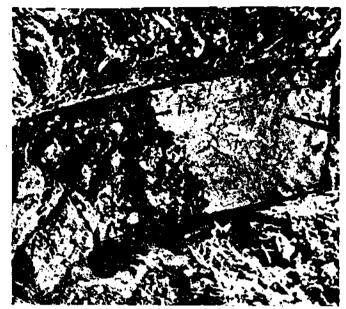
What was found at this site was as follows:
The corn stalks were crushed to the ground and
torn to pieces. They were thrown radially around
giving the impression that whatever crushed the
stalks was probably rotating at a high speed
either in landing or taking off or both.

There were three trapezoid shaped depressions found. Each was 1.5 meters in length and each was exactly 120 degrees from the others. It was estimated that the weight of the object which was supported on those three traces found was at least several tons, but it was impossible to determine if this ground impact was the result of only the weight of the object itself, or because of the impact made in the landing or take off. There is no trace of any burnt or scorched areas at the site.

Even though the ground at the site is quite inclined, the area which is bordered by the depressions was torn and settled to make a horizontal platform between two power lines of high voltage. These high voltage lines are located each at 135 meters from the site. One is directly to the north while the other is directly to the south. Both lines run east and west.

The site is 200 meters north of a country road that connects Posesti with Starchiojd.

If the depressions are connected with imaginary 120 degree arcs the result is a circle with a di-



Above is a copy of a photo of one of the three trapezoid-shaped depressions found at the site. Each is 1.5 meters (4½ feet) in length, and each was exactly 120 degrees From the others. The depression in the ground indicates a weight (or impact) of several tons.

ameter of 4.5 meters. In the very center of this circle is a hole which is carrot shaped. It has a diameter of 14 centimeters across the surface opening and extends down 2 meters to a point.

Could this center hole have been made by some type of grounding or soil sample analyzation de-

The radius from the edge of the center hole to the trapezoid depressions all measure equally. Each measures exactly 2.20 meters as shown on the sketch.

The site is situated in an area which is bordered by three apple trees. Two are 5 meters and one is 7 meters distance from the center hole. In the information I have secured on this case there is no mention of any damage or deterioration to any of the three trees on the perimeter of the site.

Lastly is the fact that there was a light radiation at this site. The radioactivity detected was gamma rays. The reading was 8 milliroentgen per hour. This is a light radioactivity, but the question remains, why is there any in such a remote location as this is. Gamma rays are known to be very penetrable and for this reason the propulsion systems we employ in space launches do not give off any such radiation.

What was at this site did and it registered on the geiger-counter used there.

Did an extra-terrestrial spacecraft land at La Odaia? I cannot say for sure, but one thing is positive; the evidence was there that compares to other such findings from around the globe. Another piece for the puzzle which is slowly beginning to give us a glimpse of the entire picture.

## Outstanding speakers announced for Carlyle Skywatch, picnic

A group of outstanding speakers and activity leaders will be on hand for the Sixth Annual UFO Skywatch and Picnic July 20 and 21 at the Boulder Access to Carlyle Lake, Carlyle, III.

The Skywatch will kick off the weekend, starting at dusk on Saturday, Dr. Willard P. Armstrong will direct the observations, and he will appreciate having volunteers assist with their energy and equipment (short-wave, walkie-talkies, etc.) in setting up communication posts around the lake. Those interested in helping should contact him at 6908 Kingsbury, St. Louis. John Preisack, assistant director of the McDonnell Planetarium in St. Louis, will assist with astronomical questions and give a talk. Weather permitting, skyviewing will continue through the night for those interested in participating.

The all-day picnic will get underway promptly at 10 a.m., with the morning to be spent in socializing. Those wishing to eat with the group should bring a contribution to the potluck dinner.

Speakers for the picnic scheduled thus far include Lucius Farish, who writes for Skylook, Saga, Fate, and other publications; Clarence O. Dargie, retired Air Force master sergeant and UFO lecturer; and Walt Andrus, MUFON director.

The Boulder Access is located northeast of Carlyle, Ill., on the Boulder-Ferrin Road. Arrows will mark the way from the Boulder-Ferrin Road sign on Highway 50 (approximately 8 miles east of Carlyle). A map of the area may be obtained by sending a stamped, self-addressed envelope to Rosetta Holmes, 1690 Hill Drive, Carlyle, Ill. 62231.

The Boulder Access area is known for its recreational facilities, including camping, swimming boating, hiking, and skiing. Mrs. Holmes notes that there is "a beautiful wooded area" surrounding the Shelter House.

Mrs. Holmes stresses that "everyone" is invited. "You do not have to be a member of any UFO group to attend," she says. Last year more than 200 persons participated in the weekend event.

An Afgan made by Mrs. Holmes will be raffled off at the picnic in order to raise funds for a PA system for the picnic and other UFO uses. A portable radio has also been donated by Frank Brown for the drawing. Tickets for the drawing are \$1.00 each by mail from Dot Christian, 758 Lemay Ferry Road, Lemay, Mo., 63125. Checks for the \$1.00 donation should be made out to UFO Study Group. Tickets will also be available at the June Symposium in Akron and at the picnic. You do not have to be present to win.



## In Others' Words

By Lucius Farish

A considerable amount of UFO material has recently seen print in various issues of NATIONAL ENQUIRER. The May 5 issue told of sightings over New Brunswick, Canada. Reports of Minnesota sightings were given in the May 19 issue, along with secress Jeane Dixon's views on UFOs. Her present statements represent quite an "aboutface," considering that she has previously said UFOs were secret experimental devices of Earthly origin. Now she says they are from a "hidden planet" in our solar system, crewed by women. One wonders if this "new revelation" might have anything to do with Mrs. Dixon's supposedly forthcoming book on UFOs? The ENQUIRER issue of May 26 featured the Florida "mystery sphere" which has been receiving so much publicity of

NATIONAL TATTLER for April 28 spotlights the research of North Carolina investigator, George Fawcett. This issue contains some interesting reports and photos collected by Fawcett.

A new column by Hayden Hewes, "Out of This World," is now featured in each issue of MODERN PEOPLE. The first few installments have included profiles of James McCampbell (author of UFOLOGY) and George Fawcett.

The May/June issue of BEYOND REALITY contains UFO material by George Earley, Arthur Shuttlewood and Hayden Hewes. The Earley article on lasers and UFOs is perhaps the most interesting of the three.

An article by Dr. Andrija Puharich (Uri Geller's biographer) in the May/June issue of PSY-CHIC outlines the various types of extraterrestrial beings who are supposedly communicating with Geller and Puharich.

Stuart Nixon, formerly with NICAP, contributes an article on UFO sightings by astronauts in the June issue of FATE. This is both incomplete and somewhat misleading, so it is not the best summary of such reports which has seen print.

An excellent article on military encounters with UFOs is found in the June issue of SAGA. The authors are Stanton T. Friedman and B. Ann Slate, always a winning combination. John Keel's regular column is also in this issue.

Tommy Roy Blann has an article on recent Texas UFO reports in the Summer issue of PROBE THE UNKNOWN.

The July issue of PSYCHIC DIMENSIONS contains an interview with Erich von Daniken, but little new information is included.

TRUE magazine is now offering \$5,000 for proof of burnings, blindings or other injuries caused by UFOs.

Recent paperback reprints of older UFO books include Renato Vesco's INTERCEPT--UFO (originally

titled INTERCEPT--BUT DON'T SHOOT) and John G. Fuller's THE INTERRUPTED JOURNEY.

William R. Corliss has recently begun a project which will be of great value to both UFO and Fortean researchers. Mr. Corliss proposes to publish a series of sourcebooks on unusual natural phenomena, ancient man and other themes of a similar nature. His first two volumes, STRANGE PHENOMENA and STRANGE ARTIFACTS, are now available. Additional volumes are in preparation. STRANGE PHE-NOMINA probably contains more material which would appeal to the Ufologist, as it includes reports of nocturnal lights, meteor-like phenomena, ball lightning, light wheels in the sea, etc., along with many other types of unexplained events. STRANGE ARTIFACTS will be of interest to those persons interested in the "ancient astronauts" theme, as it contains material on ancient constructions, legends & myths, "erratics" and other such topics. Most of the data are taken from scientific journals dating back into the 1800's (or earlier, in some cases), although some more recent accounts are also included. Mr. Corliss has acted as a compiler and has added his comments where appropriate. Many of the sources are the same as those used by Charles Fort; although these are the complete accounts, rather than just short excerpts. The two books are available for \$6.95 each from Mr. Corliss at Box 107, Glen Arm, MD 21057. They are highly recommended.

I suppose the phrase, "interpretation of evidence," would best sum up James M. McCampbell's book, UFOLOGY. Mr. McCampbell has surveyed UFO literature and analyzed UFO characteristics in an attempt to "come to grips with the physical nature of the UFO phenomenon," as Dr. J. Allen Hynek puts it. Both Dr. Hynek and Dr. Jacques Vallee have praised the book. The evidence is broken down into such categories as electrical interference, physiological effects, flight and propulsion, pilots and passengers, activities on Earth, etc. McCampbell feels there is no need to reach into the esoteric realms of hypothetical "parallel universes" to explain UFO activities. To his credit, he proposes re-examination of older, more controversial aspects of Ufology, such as the contactee cases. This has been long needed and it is good to see an author of McCampbell's stature who is aware of this need. His proposals for future UFO research are also of considerable interest. UFOLOGY is certainly one of the better books to be published in recent years. It may be obtained for \$3.95 in paperback (\$10.00 in hardcover) from: Jaymac Co.,12 Bryce Court, Belmont, CA 94002.

### Around the Network

Director John F. Schuessler of the UFO Study Group of Greater St. Louis announced at the April 21 meeting that he will be forced to resign as president of the St. Louis group, as he is being transferred to the Johnson Space Center near Houston, Texas, by his employer, McDonnell Douglas Astronautics Co. In Houston, Mr. Schuessler will be working with the astronauts in the crew systems division of the space shuttle program.

Vice President Bill Christian noted that since the St. Louis group was formed and since Mr. Schuessler has been the main sparkplug behind it, the UFO has been made a respectable subject for public discussion.

In other action at the meeting, several recent UFO reports from the St. Louis area were discussed. Two members of the group, Miss Marlies Dombroska and Mr. Thomas Mulligan, observed two red lights on the evening of March 24 for about five minutes from different locations in Lemay. These remain unexplained.

Three teenage girls reported seeing two cylinder-type objects flying parallel in a clear blue sky at 2:45 p.m. April 9 over a residential area southwest of St. Louis. This sighting also remains unexplained.

Several calls were received which were traced to sightings of an advertising airplane, which, when viewed from a distance, presented a classic "flying saucer" image, having a configuration of an illuminated disc (viewed edge on) with either a red or green light at each end.

Chief Investigator Leo F. Wicklinski discussed his investigation of a reported sighting by three adults in Illinois near St. Louis which involved a bright light, "a tingling sensation" on the part of one witness, and a description of the object which included seven "windows" in the dome section of the object.

In other action, the formation of a new subcommittee was announced by the Rev. John Schroeder. This subcommittee will concentrate on reports of psychic and paranormal phenomena associated with UFO experiences. It will be headed by Board member Cliff Palmberg.

The new address of the UFO Study Group of Greater St. Louis is P.O. Box 6631, St. Louis, 63125.

#### CLIPPINGS WANTED

Skylook appreciates receiving clippings from our readers, and would like to encourage other readers who spot UFO articles or related material to send it to us. Original clippings are preferred. After using such originals we send them to the UFO Newsclipping Service, an excellent service with which we are happy to exchange information. If originals are not available, Xerox copies are appreciated. We attempt to give credit to those sending clippings when the clippings are used in Skylook.

A course entitled "UFO's: A Scientific Approach" was taught May 13 through May 31 at the University of Alabama by Professor E. J. Planz, associate professor of metallurgical engineering and MUFON State Director for Alabama. The course included such topics as history of ufology, classic UFO sightings, organizations and publications in ufology, collaborators and non-collaborators in ufology, and the scientific approach. The presentations included use of slides, photos, tapes, and films. Dr. J. Allen Hynek's book, "The UFO Experience, A Scientific Enquiry," was used as the basic text. MUFON symposium proceedings and other materials were also used in the course.

Speakers scheduled for the course included Dr. Hynek; Professor George Toffel, Department of Chemistry, University of Alabama, anti-gravity; Dr. Horace Washburn, professor emeritus of the Department of Finance, University of Alabama, sociological and psychological effects; Sheriff Fred Diamond of Pascagoula, Miss., the Pascagoula case; Edward Brown, news bureau, University of Alabama, the Condon Report; and Dr. Robert Whitehurst, Department of Physics, University of Alabama, object size measurements in space. Also scheduled was a trip to the Meyer Planetarium at Birmingham-Southern College to familiarize students with celestrial bodies that could be mistaken for UFO's. Professor Plantz .acknowledges Dr. Arlen R. Zander of East Texas State University, Dr. Thornton Page, NASA, Johnson Space Center, and Dr. Robert F. Greegan of the State University of New York at Albany for their assistance in putting the course together.

The "International Symposium" on UFO's held May 9 at McDonnell Planetarium in St. Louis drew an audience of about 400, according to Dave Schroth, and about 50 latecomers had to be turned away. John Schuessler and Guillermo Aldunati, from Argentina, were the featured speakers. Aldunati was featured on two TV interviews.

#### Portholes, spinning object reported

SCRANTON, PA., TRIBUNE, FEB. 25, 1974--A UFO with flashing red lights and what may have been portholes was spotted over East Mountain by six city policemen shortly before dawn Feb. 24. The object was first sighted at 5:50 a.m., appearing as a very bright stationary object in the sky with red lights on the side similar to aircraft identification or "running" lights. Patrolman Donald Decker said he saw the object move northward, then stop. Patrolmen Eugene Walsh and Anthony Pica viewed the object through binoculars and reported it was spinning and appeared to have portholes. Patrolman Thomas McGinnis said the object became difficult to see as the sky grew brighter and created a light background.

#### Southeast Missouri's Dr. Harley Rutledge

## To resume on-site summer research

This summer, Dr. Harley D. Rutledge, head of the Physics Department at Southeast Missouri State University, will resume full-time investigation in the area of Piedmont, Mo., in an effort to explain the many sightings of mysterious lights in that section of southeast Missouri.Dr. Rutledge, who has studied the sightings since February of 1973, could not have been characterized as "pro-UFO" before beginning his investitaion, which was partially financed by the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. After studying the lights, however, Dr. Rutledge seems to believe there is something there that cannot, as yet, be explained. Nevertheless, he is still understandably reluctant to publicly draw conclusions as to what the lights may be.

A team of scientists and advanced science students, led by Dr. Rutledge, documented more than 100 sightings during a three-month period of observations last summer. In reporting this activity, Dr. Rutledge concluded the following:

--The objects are able to maneuver at speeds estimated at thousands of miles an hour.

--They are able to make right-angle turns at speeds that would crush conventional aircraft.

--The objects are of a variety of shapes, ranging from cylindrical to bell and bullet forms.

--The lights can blink on or off at will. The color of the lights varies from red, blue and amber to bright white. In some cases the lights produce the effect of popping strobe lights of great intensity.

--At times the objects appear to have intelligent control and seem to follow prearranged flight paths.

--The objects seem to be propelled by a power not yet harnessed by man, possibly ion or magnetic energy.

Rutledge says that at least \$5,000 is needed for a continuation of the investigation this summer, and he has appealed to interested groups and individuals to make tax exempt contributions to Project Identification, Business Office, Southeast Missouri State University, Cape Girardeau, Mo. 63701. He notes that he has contributed more than \$500 of his own money to the project thus far.

His plans for this summer include the use of more sophisticated equipment for tracking the lights, as well as a thorough search of the terrain where some observers have reportedly seen objects land and depart. He says he would like to eventually set up a statewide system of trained observers to report the movements of the objects.

Following are excerpts from an interview with Dr. Rutledge by KMOX radio, St. Louis, Mo., on March 26, 1974, as compiled by David A. Schroth

of the Greater St. Louis UFO Study Group:

On anomalous lights in southeastern Missouri:

RUTLEDGE: "....I have discounted most explanations (for such phenomena), whether scientific or otherwise, because of the plethora of different sightings—the different types of things that we have seen. You just aren't going to come up with a simple explanation."

KMOX: "....So you're not prepared to say what they are; you're just saying that there's something down there."

RUTLEDGE: "I say that there is something there, we have evidence for it, it's mysterious, and we are measuring its physical properties. That's as far as I can go....

"....Strictly speaking, we are putting scientific equipment in the field. There is something there to measure, we can prove it, and we don't want to go too much further than that....

"....In several instances, I've seen what I thought were stars in the sky, and it turned out that they were not stars. They were at rest. In some cases, they moved; in some cases, they switched off...."

On size and sound:

RUTLEDGE: "....We have made a size determination in a case or two. One of the objects that we have categorized is a double-light: you have a fore light and an aft light, and some kind of a fuselage connecting them. We can see this at night. You can see this all the way across the sky. There are no other lights to it, but we do believe there's a fuselage connecting, and we have made a measurement of this--of course, an indirect measurement--of about 13 feet...."

KMOX: "....Any sounds?"

RUTLEDGE: "I have had, I would guess, over a hundred sightings on the 99 nights that I've been out, and I've never heard any sound, to date."

KMOX: "You personally have made about a hundred sightings?"

RUTLEDGE: "Yes."

KMOX" "Are UFOs a natural existence or source in the universe, or are they of a supernatural nature that we are able, now and then, to visualize?" RUTLEDGE: "That's a very difficult question for me to answer. I would hesitate to admit the existence of this sort of thing, and yet I've seen some very unusual things. I think I'll just safely buy out of this question by saying I don't know."

KMOX: "Could you draw some conclusion that these things are other than natural phenomena?"

RUTLEDGE: "Well, I would be hard pressed to say that some of the sightings I've had are natural phenomena--very unnatural, I would think. We won't say that there won't be a natural explanation in the future--maybe there will be. But I've been very surprised at some of the things I've seen."

On reactions of collegues to Dr. Rutledge's involvement in Project Identification:

KMOX" "Have you had any problems from colleagues or friends who look at you a little strangely?"

RUTLEDGE: "Very little difficulty. Some of my friends probably wish that I wouldn't do this kind of work, but I feel that it must be done. But, certainly my colleagues at Cape Girardeau have been very kind to me."

KMOX: "Have you been in contact with any other experts: For example, Dr. J. Allen Hynek will be in town next week. Have you talked with men like this about these phenomena:"

RUTLEDGE: "No, not particularly. I've had some contact--people have inquired. We are working in the local area, and I don't have my data ready to send to anyone else. I see no reason to do this. We want to study it ourselves, and this is going to take some time."

On foo fighters, and the U.S. Air Force:

RUTLEDGE: "....I think we have to remember the history of this subject—it goes back to World War II. Some of my colleagues have had experiences that are very, very weird. I can think of one colleague who had these (UFOs)pass through the bomber formation in World War II. He took pictures of them, and turned them in to the Air Force. And, of course, he did not receive the negatives back....

"...You know, most people working in this area--I don't like to use the term 'UFO,' but-most of them attack the Air Force. I do not. I feel that they may have done us a service. If UFO's are extraterrestrial--making that assumption--then I think the Air Force did us a service by keeping it a secret. I don't think that the general population would be ready for this sort of thing. I think we're getting acclimated to

the presence, at least, of something unusual. The fact that I'm here this afternoon would prove that, I think."

KMOX: "Are you saying, Doctor, that if you found out these things do exist and there is some intelligence quiding them, you would not reveal this information?"

RUTLEDGE: "..I...I really don't know what I would do. There are things that I know now that I wouldn't reveal."

KMOX" "Having to do with the UFO's?"

RUTLEDGE: "Yes. I don't want to be particularly mysterious, but there are some things--I'm not certain of my facts, as yet--some things that have to be investigated further."

# Ontario, Canada, lake scene of reported flap

MUFON Investigator Henry H. McKay has sent a report and news clippings on which the following is based:

After five months of allegedly observing UFO's around Boshkung Lake, near Minden, Ontario, Canada, Mr. and Mrs. Ashley Lunham, who live near the lake, have called for an investigation by the Department of National Defense. There have been UFO reports by realtors, a private pilot, a newspaper reporter, and others, but the chief witnesses seem to be Mr. and Mrs. Lunham, who live across the road from the lake, and have clear view of it. Mrs. Lunham, 75, has written a very long report of her alleged sightings for McKay.

The Lunhams claim the objects, which are a dirty brown or black color, have visited the lake every day since Nov. 12, 1973. They described the UFO's as cigar-shaped and kite-shaped, with amber, red, blue, green and white lights. The Lunhams say the objects have as many as nine antenna each, and appear to signal each other with some sort of code of flashing lights.

The most striking experience reported by Mrs. Lunham allegedly occurred one night in February when the temperature was 20 degrees below zero. She says they saw a UFO arrive over the lake, then turn towards their house. About half way across the lake the UFO turned on a light beam which struck the window of the house. "The frost melted in seconds," said Mrs. Lunham, "and one could smell the wood in the window still getting hot. The glass was so hot I could not touch it to wipe off the melted frost."

The Lindsay, Ontario, Daily Post of March 14, 1974, pictured a staff member indicating the position of a triangular formation depressed in the snow by an alleged UFO. No visible formation was apparent on the ground surface following the spring thaw.

## 'Psychic' Uri Geller criticized

"Psychic" Uri Geller has come in for some strong criticism, and a recent example is the June issue of Popular Photography magazine

The magazine features two articles about Geller, one on a "psychic photo" he supposedly "took" and a general article on Geller entitled "The Making of a Psychic" by Charles Reynolds.

The photo experiment involved Geller holding photographer Yale Joel's camera, with a lens cap taped over the lens, pointed at his own forehead. The object of the experiment was to "photograph" an image in Geller's mind, which was to be picked up from Joel's son, Seth, seated across the room. Seth was to concentrate on a photo of an eagle. Thus the camera was supposed to photograph the image of an eagle picked up by Geller's mind.

After this session, Joel and his son were asked to leave the room in order for Geller to attempt another psychic experiment, camera was left with Geller. Later the film in the camera was developed and an image was seen on the film. Instead of an eagle, however, there was an image which a number of professional photographers unhesitatingly described as a portrait of Geller made with the lens cap being held in front of the lens (apparently by Geller), thus blocking out most of the photo. Joel easily duplicated the photo, and concluded: "Uri, I'm. sorry to say the consensus of expert photographic opinion, including my own (after due reflection) is that your lens cap is showing. (I mean my . lens cap.) You really didn't reckon with the extreme depth of field of the extreme wide-angle 160-degree 17-mm Takumar f/4 'fisheye' lens. Besides, what the hell happened to the eagle?" The photos accompanying the Popular Photography article explain the experiment fully.

In the general article, Reynolds, an experienced reporter of psychic phenomena and magic, described his research on Geller for Time Magazine. Reynolds was accompanied by James Randi, a magician and psychic debunker. He indicates that in one demonstration Geller peeked at arm motions in order to "read" what some Time staffers were drawing on pads, and that the "psychic" missed when Randi hid his pencil motions from Geller. Reynolds likewise said that Geller was observed bending a fork and a key with his hand, rather than with his mind, while the attention of most of the observers was on something else.

While Reynolds acknowledges that Geller is able to ascertain the contents of sealed envelopes during his performances, Reynolds says that many performers, including Randi, can successfully do this. Reynolds notes that Geller's performances calling for the bending of nails or spikes involve the consistent use of nails or spikes which

have been taped together, and that this could allow for a pre-bent nail or spike to be included. Reynolds says that two of Geller's biggest TV failures occurred when he had had no opportunity to handle the props beforehand. This occurred on the Johnny Carson show, where Carson, an amateur magician, had called Randi before the show and been advised by Randi to Keep Geller away from the props. Another failure occurred on the Joyce Brothers show when Dr. Brothers insisted on using the nails she had brought in her purse, rather than the set wrapped in tape.

Reynolds says that Geller recently cancelled lucrative appearances in Europe and America, and that his manager was unhappy with performances in New York and Miami where Geller's results were not impressive. Said the manager, "The audience at both settings was packed with magicians and they were both a disaster." Reynolds asks in his article, "If Uri is a genuine psychic, why should he be unwilling to perform for magicians?"

Reynolds suggests that perhaps magicians would be more adept than scientists (i.e. the Stanford Research Institute experiment) in determining Geller's psychic abilities.

In a pro-Geller article by John M. Cathcart in one of the national tabloids, Geller's mother makes much of the fact that Geller, at age 10, on the island of Cyprus, had found his way to a hospital from his room in another part of the city. 'The child had never been in Cyprus before, and spoke no language that was commonly understood there," she said. The article did not explain why Geller would not have been familiar with English, since he is from Tel Aviv, Israel, which was formerly British. If he did know English, he was certainly familiar with a language commonly used in Cyprus, since it was also formerly British.

Although Geller is presented favorably in an article by his biographer and booster Andrija Puharich in the May/June Psychic magazine, Puharich's book about Geller was given an extremely bad review in the May 16 New York Review of Books, according to David Schroth of the UFO Study Group of Greater St. Louis. Concerning the "UFO Photograph" in Psychic magazine, Schroth asks, "Shall we see what Adrian Vance has to say about this?"

Geller's claim of close associations with UFO's has proved upsetting to many serious UFO researchers who feel there have already been too many fakes and too many hoaxes in a field which may be best approached on a scientific basis, rather than on the basis of selling books, or booking lucrative speaking engagements, or gaining appearances on TV.